

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

**Module #3:**

**Worksheet 14c: Solving Linear Systems of Equations: Addition (Elimination Method)**



**View Tutorial 14a (covers worksheets 14a, b and c)**

**Objective:** Use the elimination method (addition & multiplication) in order to solve the system of equations.

**Elimination Method Using Addition and Subtraction:**

In systems of equations where the coefficient (the number in front of the variable) of the x or y terms are additive inverses, solve the system by adding the equations. Because one of the variables is eliminated, this method is called **elimination**.

**Example 2:**

Use elimination to solve the system of equations

$$x - 3y = 7 \text{ and } 3x + 3y = 9.$$

Add the two equations.

$$\begin{array}{r} x - 3y = 7 \\ + 3x + 3y = 9 \\ \hline 4x = 16 \\ \frac{4x}{4} = \frac{16}{4} \end{array} \quad x = 4$$

Substitute 4 for x in either original equation. Then solve for y.

$$\begin{array}{r} x - 3y = 7 \\ 4 - 3y = 7 \\ -3y = 3 \\ \frac{-3y}{3} = \frac{3}{3} \end{array} \quad y = -1$$

**The solution of this system is (4, -1).**

Use elimination to solve each system of equations:

1.  $2x + 2y = -2$   
 $3x - 2y = 12$

2.  $4x - 2y = -1$   
 $-4x + 4y = -2$

3.  $x - y = 2$   
 $x + y = -3$

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4.  $6x + 5y = 4$   
 $6x - 7y = -20$

5.  $2x - 3y = 12$   
 $4x + 3y = 24$

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**Elimination Method Using Multiplication:**

Some systems of equations cannot be solved simply by adding or subtracting the equations. One or both equations must first be multiplied by a number before the system can be solved by elimination. Consider the following example:

**Example 3:**

Use elimination to solve the system of equations

$$x + 10y = 3 \text{ and } 4x + 5y = 5.$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x + 10y = 3 \\ 4x + 5y = 5 \end{array} \quad \downarrow$$

Multiply  $x + 10y = 3$  by  $-4$ .

Then add the two equations.

$$\begin{array}{r} \implies -4x - 40y = -12 \\ \implies \quad 4x + 5y = 5 \\ \hline \quad \quad -35y = -7 \\ \quad \quad \underline{-35y = -7} \\ \quad \quad -35 \quad -35 \end{array}$$

$$y = 1/5$$

Substitute  $1/5$  for  $y$  into either original equation. Then solve for  $x$ .

$$\begin{array}{r} \implies x + 10y = 3 \\ x + 10(1/5) = 3 \\ x + 2 = 3 \\ x + 2 - 2 = 3 - 2 \end{array} \quad x = 1$$

The solution of this system is  $(1, 1/5)$

**Use elimination to solve each system of equations:**

6.  $3x + 2y = 0$   
 $x - 5y = 17$

7.  $2x + 3y = 6$   
 $x + 2y = 5$

8.  $3x - y = 2$   
 $x + 2y = 3$

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9.  $4x + 5y = 6$   
 $6x - 7y = -20$

10.  $4x + 2y = 8$   
 $16x - y = 14$

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